

**Complex analysis exam:** September 19, 2001

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**Notes:** Please contact Paul Macklin if there are typos, omissions, or other errors in this document.

**Notation:** Let  $\Delta$  be the unit disk in the complex plane  $\mathbb{C}$ .

1. (a) State the Rouché Theorem.  
(b) Find the number of solutions of the equation  $z^{32} + 16z^2 + 16 = 0$  in the left-half plane  $D = \{z : \operatorname{Re} z < 0\}$ .
2. (a) State the Schwarz reflection principle for holomorphic functions.  
(b) Let  $f(z)$  be holomorphic in the  $G = \{z \in \mathbb{C} : -1 < \operatorname{Re} z < 1, \operatorname{Im} z > 0\}$  and continuous on  $\overline{G} = \{z \in \mathbb{C} : -1 \leq \operatorname{Re} z \leq 1, \operatorname{Im} z \geq 0\}$ . If  $f(x) = x^2$  for all  $x \in [0, 1]$ . Find  $f(z)$  and show your work.

3. Show that the equation

$$f'(z) = f(z), \quad f(0) = 1$$

has a **unique** holomorphic solution  $f(z) = e^z$ .

4. (a) State the Riemann Mapping Theorem.  
(b) Construct a conformal map with maps the unit disk  $\Delta$  onto  $D$  where

$$D = \left\{ z = |z| e^{i\theta} \in \mathbb{C} : 0 < \theta < \frac{\pi}{4} \right\}.$$

5. (a) State the Liouville Theorem.  
(b) Find all entire holomorphic functions  $f(z)$  on  $\mathbb{C}$  satisfying

$$|f(z)| \leq |z| e^x, \quad z = x + iy \in \mathbb{C}.$$

6. Let  $D_1$  and  $D_2$  be two domains in  $\mathbb{C}$ . Let  $\{f_n(z)\}$  be a sequence of conformal holomorphic maps (i.e., angle preserving maps) from  $D_1$  into  $D_2$ . Suppose that  $f_n$  converges to  $g$  uniformly on any compact subset of  $D_1$ . Show that either  $g \equiv \text{constant}$  or  $g$  is also a conformal map from  $D_1$  into  $D_2$ .

7. Evaluate the integral

$$\int_0^\infty \frac{\sin^2 x}{x^2} dx.$$

8. Let

$$f(z) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} z^{n!}.$$

- (a) Prove that  $f(z)$  is holomorphic in the unit disk  $\Delta = \{|z| < 1\}$ .
  - (b) Prove that  $f(z)$  does not have any holomorphic extension, i.e., there is no holomorphic function  $g$  on domain  $U$  with  $\Delta \subset U$  and  $U \neq \Delta$  so that  $f \equiv g$  on  $\Delta$ . (Hint: prove  $f(e^{i\theta}) = \infty$  for  $\theta$  being rational number.)
9. Let  $f(z) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n z^n$  be holomorphic in  $\mathbb{C}$ .

- (a) Prove

$$\frac{1}{2\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} |f(e^{i\theta})|^2 d\theta = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} |a_n|^2.$$

(b) Prove there is a constant  $C$  depending only on  $f$  such that

$$\frac{1}{2\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} |f(e^{i\theta})|^2 d\theta - \sum_{n=0}^N |a_n|^2 \leq Ce^{-N}$$

holds for all positive integer  $N$ .