# Final exam (sample)

In all the problems D is the unit disc,  $D = \{z \in \mathbb{C} \mid |z| < 1\}$ .

# Problem 1.

Let  $L \subset \mathbb{C}$  be the line  $L = \{z = x + iy \mid x = 3\}$ . Assume that  $f : \mathbb{C} \to \mathbb{C}$  is an entire function such that for any  $z \in L$  we have  $f(z) \in L$ . Assume that f(0) = 1 + 2i. Find f(6).

# Problem 2.

Suppose a function  $f : \overline{D} \to \mathbb{C}$  is continuous and holomorphic in *D*. Suppose also that for any  $z \in \partial D$  we have  $\operatorname{Re} f(z) = 5$ . Prove that *f* is a constant.

#### Problem 3.

Let  $f : \{z = x + iy \mid y > 0\} \to \mathbb{C}$  be a holomorphic function such that  $f\left(\frac{i}{\sqrt{n}}\right) = 0$  for every  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ . Prove that f is unbounded.

# Problem 4.

a) TRUE OR FALSE: A continuous function  $v : \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$  is linear if and only if for every  $x, h \in \mathbb{R}$  one has

$$\frac{1}{2}(v(x-h) + v(x+h)) = v(x).$$

b) TRUE OR FALSE: A continuous function  $u : \mathbb{C} \to \mathbb{R}$  is harmonic if and only if for every  $z, h \in \mathbb{C}$  one has:

$$\frac{1}{4}(u(x-h) + u(x+h) + u(x-ih) + u(x+ih)) = u(x).$$

# Problem 5.

Let  $\{f_{\alpha}\}_{\alpha \in A}$  be a family of holomorphic functions on *D* such that

$$\forall x \in D \ \forall f \in \{f_{\alpha}\} \ \mathbf{Re}f(z) \neq \mathbf{Im}f(z).$$

Prove that  $\{f_{\alpha}\}_{\alpha \in A}$  is a normal family (use the definition of normal family that allows a sequence of function to converge to  $\infty$ , uniformly on compact sets).