

# MULTIVARIABLE CALCULUS MATH 2D

---

## Midterm Exam II (with answers)

### Problem 1.

A particle starts at the origin with initial velocity  $\bar{i} + \bar{j} - \bar{k}$ . Its acceleration is  $\bar{a}(t) = 6t\bar{i} + 12t^2\bar{j} - 6t\bar{k}$ . Find its position function.

Answer:  $\bar{r}(t) = \langle t^3 + t, t^4 + t, -t^3 - t \rangle$

### Problem 2.

Let  $C$  be the curve of intersection of the parabolic cylinder  $x^2 = 2y$  and the surface  $3z = xy$ . Find the exact length of  $C$  from the origin to the point  $(2, 2, \frac{4}{3})$ .

Answer:  $\frac{10}{3}$

### Problem 3.

At what point does the curve  $y = -\ln x$ ,  $0 < x < +\infty$ , have maximal curvature?

Answer:  $(\ln \sqrt{2}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}})$

### Problem 4.

Find the equation of the tangent plane to the surface  $z = 3x^2 - y^2 + 2x$  at the point  $(1, 0, 5)$ .

Answer:  $z - 5 = 8(x - 1)$

### Problem 5.

Suppose  $z = f(x, y)$ , where  $x = g(s, t)$ ,  $y = h(s, t)$ ,  $g(1, 2) = 3$ ,  $g_s(1, 2) = -1$ ,  $g_t(1, 2) = 4$ ,  $h(1, 2) = 6$ ,  $h_s(1, 2) = -5$ ,  $h_t(1, 2) = 10$ ,  $f_x(3, 6) = 9$ , and  $f_y(3, 6) = -2$ . Find  $\frac{\partial z}{\partial s}$  and  $\frac{\partial z}{\partial t}$  when  $s = 1$  and  $t = 2$ .

Answer:  $\frac{\partial z}{\partial s} = 1$ ,  $\frac{\partial z}{\partial t} = 16$