

## Assignment 10

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1. Let  $\varphi \in C(\mathbb{R}, \mathbb{R})$  and  $f \in C([a, b], \mathbb{R})$  for  $a < b \in \mathbb{R}$ . Assume that  $\varphi$  is convex, that is, that it satisfies

$$\varphi((1-t)x + ty) \leq (1-t)\varphi(x) + t\varphi(y), \quad x, y \in \mathbb{R}, \quad t \in [0, 1].$$

Prove the validity of the following *Jensen's inequality*

$$\varphi\left(\frac{1}{b-a} \int_a^b f(x) dx\right) \leq \frac{1}{b-a} \int_a^b \varphi(f(x)) dx.$$

2. The Legendre polynomials  $L_n$  can be defined by

$$P_n(x) = \frac{1}{2^n n!} \frac{d^n}{dx^n} (x^2 - 1)^n, \quad n = 0, 1, 2, \dots$$

Show that

$$\int_{-1}^1 P_n(x) P_m(x) dx = 0, \quad m \neq n.$$

3. Show that the improper integral

$$\Gamma(\alpha) = \int_0^\infty t^\alpha e^{-t} dt$$

exists for every  $\mathbb{R} \ni \alpha > -1$  and verify that

$$\Gamma(n) = n!, \quad n \in \mathbb{N}.$$

4. Assume that  $f \in C^1([-1, 1])$  and prove that the following *principal value integral* exists (i.e. that the defining limit always exists)

$$p.v. \int_{-1}^1 \frac{f(x)}{x} dx = \lim_{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0} \int_{|x| \geq \varepsilon} \frac{f(x)}{x} dx.$$

Also show that

$$\int_{-1}^1 \log(|x|) f'(x) dx = -p.v. \int_{-1}^1 \frac{f(x)}{x} dx.$$

5. Let  $f \in C^1([a, b], \mathbb{R})$  and  $x, y \in [a, b]$ . Prove the mean value theorem in integral form

$$f(y) = f(x) + (y-x) \int_0^1 f'((1-t)x + ty) dt.$$