

Assignment 5

1. Let $a, b \in \mathbb{R}$ with $a < b$ and a continuous function $f : (a, b) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be given with

$$f((a, b)) = \{y_1, y_2\}.$$

Prove that $y_1 = y_2$.

2. Give examples of a continuous function which is not Hölder continuous of any exponent and of a Hölder continuous function which is not Lipschitz.

3. Let $f \in C(\mathbb{R})$. Then

$$[f = \alpha] = \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid f(x) = \alpha\} \text{ is closed } \forall \alpha \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$[f > \alpha] = \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid f(x) > \alpha\} \text{ is open } \forall \alpha \in \mathbb{R}$$

Show that

$$\partial[f > \alpha] \subset [f = \alpha].$$

4. Let $g, h \in C(\mathbb{R})$ and prove that $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ given by

$$f(x) := \begin{cases} g(x), & x \leq a \\ h(x), & x > a \end{cases}$$

is continuous iff $g(a) = \lim_{x \rightarrow a^+} h(x)$.

5. Assume that $f \in C(\mathbb{R}, \mathbb{R})$ is such that

$$\lim_{|x| \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = 0$$

meaning that

$$\forall \varepsilon > 0 \exists R > 0 \text{ s.t. } |f(x)| \leq \varepsilon \forall x \in \mathbb{R} \text{ with } |x| \geq R.$$

Prove that f attains at least its maximum or its minimum.